#### Annex

## Commission on Narcotic Drugs decisions taken at its reconvened sixty-third session

Decision 63/17

# Deletion of cannabis and cannabis resin from Schedule IV of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol

At its 1st meeting, on 2 December 2020, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs decided by a roll-call vote of 27 votes to 25, with 1 abstention, to delete cannabis and cannabis resin from Schedule IV of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Colombia, Croatia, Czechia, Ecuador, El Salvador, France, Germany, India, Italy, Jamaica, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, Poland, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay;

Against: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Chile, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Egypt, Hungary, Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Russian Federation, Togo, Turkey, Turkmenistan;

Abstaining: Ukraine.

#### Decision 63/18

Consideration of a proposal from the World Health Organization to add dronabinol and its stereoisomers (delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol) to Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol

At its 1st meeting, on 2 December 2020, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs decided by a roll-call vote of 23 votes to 28, with 2 abstentions, not to add dronabinol and its stereoisomers (*delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol) to Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Afghanistan, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Colombia, Croatia, Czechia, Ecuador, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Jamaica, Morocco, Netherlands, Peru, Poland, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

Against: Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Canada, Chile, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Egypt, El Salvador, India, Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Mexico, Nigeria, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Togo, Turkey, Turkmenistan, United States of America, Uruguay;

Abstaining: Nepal, Ukraine.

#### Decision 63/19

### Consideration of a proposal from the World Health Organization to delete extracts and tinctures of cannabis from Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol

At its 1st meeting, on 2 December 2020, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs decided by a roll-call vote of 24 votes to 27, with 2 abstentions, not to delete extracts and tinctures of cannabis from Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Croatia, Czechia, Ecuador, El Salvador, France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, Poland, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay;

Against: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Brazil, Burkina Faso, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Egypt, Hungary, India, Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Russian Federation, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Turkmenistan;

Abstaining: Nepal, Ukraine.

#### Decision 63/20

Consideration of a proposal from the World Health Organization to add a footnote to the entry for cannabis and cannabis resin in Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol to read "Preparations containing predominantly cannabidiol and not more than 0.2 per cent of *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol are not under international control"

At its 1st meeting, on 2 December 2020, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs decided by a roll-call vote of 6 votes to 43, with 4 abstentions, not to add a footnote to the entry for cannabis and cannabis resin in Schedule I of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol to read "Preparations containing predominantly cannabidiol and not more than 0.2 per cent of *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol are not under international control". The voting was as follows:

In favour: Australia, Canada, Ecuador, Peru, South Africa, Thailand;

Against: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Chile, China, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Czechia, Egypt, El Salvador, France, Germany, Hungary, India, Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Mexico, Netherlands, Nigeria, Poland, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Togo, Turkey, Turkmenistan, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay;

Abstaining: Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Ukraine.

#### Decision 63/21

Consideration of a proposal from the World Health Organization to add to Schedule III of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol preparations containing *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol), produced either by chemical synthesis or as preparations of cannabis, that are compounded as pharmaceutical preparations with one or more other ingredients and in such a way that *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol) cannot be recovered by readily available means or in a yield that would constitute a risk to public health

At its 1st meeting, on 2 December 2020, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs decided by consensus not to add preparations containing *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol), produced either by chemical synthesis or as preparations of cannabis, that are compounded as pharmaceutical preparations with one or more other ingredients and in such a way that *delta-9*-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol) cannot be recovered by readily available means or in a yield that would constitute a risk to public health to Schedule III of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 as amended by the 1972 Protocol.